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SAN FRANCISCO AGENCIES.
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TO-DAY'S LEADING NEWS TOPICS.
There is talk of Randall entering the race for the Presidential nomination.
An earthquake shock was felt throughout portions of the South yesterday.
Yesterday's storm in Minnesota and Dakota was the worst yet experienced there.
Senators Mitchell and Stewart yesterday made anti-Chinese speeches in the Senate.
The arguments in the railroad tax cases will be concluded to-day.
The members of the American Horticultural Society left Kansas City yesterday for California.

REPAYING THE DIRECT TAX.

Early after the outbreak of the civil war the Government, under a law passed for the purpose, levied a tax upon the States and Territories. Those which finally paid the tax in full—in proportion to population—were:

Connecticut	\$108,214	Nebraska	\$19,312
Delaware	74,882	Nevada	4,262
D.C. of Columbia	49,427	New Hampshire	218,407
Illinois	1,146,351	New Jersey	430,174
Indiana	909,250	New Mexico	62,648
Iowa	422,088	New York	2,035,918
Kentucky	715,000	Ohio	1,147,619
Maine	29,838	Pennsylvania	1,576,679
Maryland	466,282	Rhode Island	116,964
Massachusetts	501,738	Vermont	211,068
Michigan	901,738	Virginia	288,480
Minnesota	1,084,234	South Carolina	365,571
Missouri	1,084,234	South Dakota	365,571

Alabama, Arkansas, California, Dakota, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Washington Territory and Wisconsin never paid the tax, or are in default for small portions of it. A bill to refund the tax paid in the Senate of the last Congress, but was buried in the surplus of bills in the House. The bill is at the head of the Senate calendar in the present Congress and will be pushed vigorously. California has paid a portion of the sum assessed against her under the law referred to. When the bill to refund becomes a law about \$15,000,000 will be taken from the Federal Treasury and paid over to the States and Territories, and will considerably to the general fund of each. The bill ought to pass, and thus wipe out a very disagreeable item in the bookkeeping between the delinquent States and the General Government. Until 1885 the rule was to withhold any money that might be due these delinquent sections from the Government and credit it upon the direct-tax debt. But under Mr. Cleveland's administration this rule has not been enforced. The shortest and most direct road to settling the matter is to order refunded the last cent the States paid under the direct tax bill. It really was never intended to be more than a loan. The Government has now a surplus the disposal of which so vexes the soul of the Administration, and the bill before the Senate furnishes a ready means of reducing it by about \$15,000,000, with direct benefit to the States and Territories.

SENATOR HALE has opened the debate upon the President's civil service policy with vigor. No official ever accepted a trust under more explicit pledges to maintain the integrity of civil service reform than President Cleveland. It is a fact no one will venture to deny that these pledges alone secured him his election. They carried over to him the large body of the pioneers in civil service reform, and taken, we think, but certainly with the effect of electing Mr. Cleveland. But his performance has not kept abreast with his promise in this matter. The Civil Service Reform Association, of which George W. Curtis is the chief, at its meeting last fall, did not hesitate to express its great disappointment at the course of the administration, nor fail to say that the pledges had not been loyally kept. The President, however sincere in his pre-election declarations upon the question, found, when once in office, that his party, though it had in its platform professed friendship to the civil service law, did not mean it. The leaders of the party made very little if any concession of the fact that they proposed to make the law a cover for the old doctrine of the victors belong the spoils. Indeed, so unswerving were their views that in the first Congress to which President Cleveland sent a message three bills, originating on the Democratic side, were introduced for the repeal of the law, and two or three for its construction in such a way as to confine the operations of the reform to Democratic aspirants, and to cripple and limit the work of the Civil Service Commission generally. Senator Hale's exhibit of figures showing the vast number of displacements of official servants by the present administration, amounts to this, that in all the departments of the Government eight-tenths and more of removals have been made to fill the places with Democratic aspirants. And we have Mr. Hale for authority that Government officials, in the very face of the prohibitory law, still assessed for political purposes. If any of these were punished or rebuked for these violations of the law, the country has yet to learn of it.

THOUGH the venerable Mr. Greely has been deposed from the Presidency of France, he and son-in-law Wilson have "influence" with the new administration. It develops that it is of sufficient strength to secure the removal and silencing of those who venture upon the task of prosecuting France for selling the decorations of France, which have, hitherto, been the regalia of honor, distributed by the wearers for great services performed on behalf of their country and humanity. Mr. Vigneau, formerly one of the ordinary Judges of France, was advanced to the place of Judge d'Instruction. In that capacity he was the prosecutor of Wilson, and it was before him, as a magistrate, he became, in consequence, the man of all others to push the prosecution of the dealer in red ribbons and the French eagle. Just as he is about to do this President Carnot removes him from his official station. It is recognized in Paris, say the dispatches, as direct interference by Greely and Wilson, and as a concession to them by the new administration amounting to an assurance that Wilson shall not be prosecuted. Rochefort, the exultant, charges that Mr. Greely feared he too would

be put into the dock. This we do not believe. In all his long and useful career the integrity of Mr. Greely was never assailed. In the red-ribbon scandal period, and owing to which Greely met with overthrow, there was not so much as an intimation that President Greely was Wilson's accomplice, or had any knowledge of his disgraceful doings. The stated causes for Vigneau's removal are that in making a case against Wilson he acted in a manner pardonable in a detective, but not permissible in a Judge. He disguised himself and assumed false names in order to ferret out the truth, and by adroit devices sought to lead suspected parties into confessions of guilt. Ostensibly for this "undignified" behavior he has been removed and disgraced. The effect, however, is believed to be to stay, if not kill off, the prosecution of Wilson altogether, though just why the removal should prevent the punishment of Wilson is not clear. There must be other officials who can proceed against the decoration peddler, and move the Chamber of Deputies to take up the prosecution, unless, indeed, the suspension of Vigneau is meant to be a warning not to be overbold in seeking to punish crime in high places.

THE Lick Observatory has been at last completed. The great telescope is in place, and already photographs have been taken through it of celestial bodies. At least two important discoveries were made on the first night of its use—one a star not heretofore numbered in the astronomical atlas, and the fact that one of the divisions on the outer ring of Saturn has been located too far in by astronomers to date. At the inauguration of the great instrument there were present astronomers from Rochester and Cincinnati, Alvan B. Clark, one of the finishers of the great objective, and Mr. Swaney, of Cleveland, who constructed the great tube and its delicate machinery, and others, besides the local force under Professor Holden.

The inauguration of the great telescope is an event of much importance to California. She now possesses unquestionably the finest observatory in the world and the most powerful telescope. The Board of Regents of the State University has assumed jurisdiction over the property. The Lick Estate Trustees have been very faithful in carrying out the wishes of the donor of the property, and are entitled to public recognition for administering with such skill a very difficult task. There has been some consideration a proposition to have some sort of a celebration on the event of completion and the turning over of the keys, which will take place in a few days. It will be better to allow the transfer to take place quietly. Such a work as that great observatory would command in its honor a far greater demonstration on the occasion than is possible to now arrange. The work itself cannot be made more prominent by ceremonial, or its infinite importance to the world emphasized by any ordinary manifestations of public satisfaction.

THE San Francisco Call objects to the designation of a "bill to promote mendacity," applied by the New York Post to the proposed law to extend Federal aid to State schools. It declares that it certainly is not a bill to promote mendacity. The chief objection it finds to the measure is that it would tend to remove the public schools farther from the control of the people, and that distribution of the Federal money by Federal agents would tend to subvert the authority of the State over its schools. It appears to us that by these very statements our contemporary justifies the Post's designation of the bill. What the New York journal means by the charge that it would promote mendacity is that it would tend to destroy self-helpfulness and to cultivate a disposition to lean upon the Federal Government; to neglect a duty incumbent upon the people of each State; to become content with having their own good taken care of by themselves. This would certainly beget a dependence which might very appropriately be styled State mendacity. While the Post never meant that it would make beggars of mendicants of the people of the South as individuals, it does mean that it would put the people in their aggregated capacity as communities, in an attitude several degrees below that of the pensioner, and not far removed from that of the helplessness that results from non-exercise of the ability to be self-helpful.

It is to be hoped that the great steel gun, over twenty-two feet in length, cast by the Pittsburgh on Wednesday, will come out of the mold a success. A great deal is thought to depend upon this experiment. It was entered upon with the hope of displacing "built up" ordnance. Guns in a solid piece are much cheaper than those of alternate staves and hoops of metal, and are, besides, much more reliable. All the metal contracts and expands equally, while in "built up" guns there is more or less of warping and inequality of resistance in discharges, results which affect the aim. Besides these advantages, twenty cast steel guns can be made while one is being turned out according to the composite process.

THE Atlanta Constitution says: "One of President Cleveland's favorite dishes is sheep's tongues pickled, and he indulges in it just before going to bed." Well, if the President's ideas are carried out concerning wool, his pickled sheep's tongues will become a costly and rare dish. "Men will not raise sheep for fun." Without the wool crop profit there will be no incentive for sheep-raising for food, at such price, at least, as now prevails. Mutton is the one cheap meat food of the people, but free wool means high mutton.

MORE than 10,000,000 bushels of wheat surplus of the last crop in Manitoba is ready for shipment to a foreign market. The duty of twenty cents a bushel protects the American farmer against all this surplus pouring into the United States and choking our market. As wheat is a necessity, according to President Cleveland's view, it ought to enter free. True, we could put a duty upon the manufactured product, flour, but how would that help us? The Manitoba wheat would only be disposed of the raw material.

SENATOR BROWN of Georgia recently in the Senate stated only the fact when he said that the Democrats, from the days of Jefferson, have opposed to internal revenue, except in cases of emergency, and when the emergency disappeared hastened to get rid of it.

But the Democrats of 1887-8 should have been expected by Senator Brown, their head and front proposes to reverse the policy of the party.

THE Inter-Ocean says "The Atlanta Constitution finds it hard straddling to keep one foot on the President's free-trade horse and one firmly fixed on the paving speed of protection. When the animals start in the race the Atlanta Constitution will get

FOREIGN TOPICS.

A HUNGARIAN WHOSE VOICE IS STILL FOR WAR.

The Plot Against the Czar—Ferdinand the Bone of Contention—The Crown Prince.

FREDERICK WILLIAM.

Contradictory Reports as to the Crown Prince's Condition.

SAS REMO, January 12th.—The Crown Prince, Frederick William, walked today and afterward went for a drive. The swelling in his throat is fast disappearing, and the doctors are entertained for his complete recovery.

ALLEGED PAINTING SPELL.

PARIS, January 12th.—La France announces that the German Embassy in Paris has received a telegram stating that the Crown Prince had a fainting spell, and was unconscious for several hours.

THE Czar's DANGER.

The Late Plot to Do Away With the Russian Emperor.

ST. PETERSBURG, January 12th.—Among the men arrested in connection with the latest plot against the Czar is a member of the Baltic Railway, who kept the nihilists informed of every journey of the Czar and of from Gatchina. Letters were found on the prisoner showing that the plot was ripe for execution on the evening of the men's arrest.

CANADA.

The Government Threatens a Duty on American Fish.

OTTAWA, January 12th.—The Minister of Customs says that unless satisfactory arrangements are made, the Dominion Government intends, on July 1st, to collect on fish imported from the United States the same duty that is levied on Canadian fish by the United States.

Eager for the Fray.

PARIS, January 12th.—Dutty Perzel, taking part yesterday in the debate of the Chamber of Deputies, declared that he was in such a hostile manner concerning Russia that the President called him to order. He declared that such things should not be said against a power which is now at peace with Hungary.

Not the Best Remedy.

VIENNA, January 12th.—The lower Austrian Diet yesterday debated the proposition to compel female teachers in public schools to forgo maternity leave. The proposition was lost after an amusing debate.

Comes High, but Must Have It.

PARIS, January 12th.—Subsidiary French troops have been ordered to leave Bulgaria, but the drama, especially at the Comedie Francaise, continues to flourish.

Thorny Thru.

BERLIN, January 12th.—It is reported that a general blockade of Bulgaria is contemplated by the Powers in the event of the refusal of the Bulgarian Government to accept the Russian ultimatum.

PROBABLY A CAMPAIGN LIE.

VIENNA, January 12th.—The statement that the Powers would ask the Porte to allow the Russian ultimatum to be signed in Bulgaria is denied.

Russia Stands Firm.

VIENNA, January 12th.—General Kaubitz, former Russian minister at Sofia, writes to a friend in this city as follows: "Since the time we passed together at Sofia, the Russian Government has not changed, and that is Russia's resolution not to give away under any pressure. The Russian Government is now in a position to stand firm, and the Russians would make concessions."

Fog-Ridden England.

LONDON, January 12th.—The fog continues extremely dense and shows no signs of lifting. Four loaded vessels are fog-bound in the Thames, and the railway lines have been suspended. Several vessels have gone ashore on account of fog. The fog has also caused a number of accidents, and makes it impossible to run trains on schedule time. Numerous fatalities have occurred.

Sailboats on Free Trade.

LONDON, January 12th.—Speaking at Liverpool yesterday Salisbury declared his opinion on the desirability of free trade in sailboats. He said that the free trade theory had been carried too far, and some reaction was probable.

London, January 12th.—Prince Oscar, second son of King Olof of Sweden, will be married at Bornholm shortly, during the Christmas holidays.

Amateur Foreign Arrested.

LONDON, January 12th.—Ringold Cooper, an American, was arrested on suspicion of being an amateur foreigner. He was found on an expedition with a gun, and was charged with being an amateur foreigner.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

[Filed January 11, 1888.]
S. C. Denison and Mary M. Denison to S. C. Denison, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

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